GELEGRAPHERS WHO BESCHOOLS



the venerable dean of the corps, was a Buckeye youth of nineteen when S. F.

the first telegrapher, managed after

mighty efforts to establish the pioneer telegraph line, between Baltimore and

wide wonder of inventive genius is the

annihilating time and space and bring-ng together the ends of the earth.

Washington, in 1844.

E telegraph strike serves as a perintendent of government telegraphs in all departments, serving until September, 1868. He left the service with reminder of the fact that a remarkably large percentage of the brevet of brigadier general for meritorious work. In addition to his the most noted telegraphers in the history of the art are still "alive able military service, General Stager introduced great improvements in the and kicking," though not still ticking and clicking. As a rule, they have telegraph batteries and the arrangegone to the head of the class, either ment of wires. in telegraphy or something just as good or better. General Thomas T. Eckert, Next in command to General Stages

war was Thomas T. Eckert, whose place of duty most of the time was at Washington. General Eckert saw and talked with Lincoln daily, when the B. Morse, inventor of the system and tall, gaunt president was wont to haunt the telegraph room of the war office in quest of news from the front. Eckert in those days was accounted almost as It is not easy for the present generation to realize that telegraphy is only sixty-three years old. This worldgood a story teller as Lincoln, and the pair used to swap yarns by the hour while the busy operators were clicking out messages to the officers at the front chief advance agent of civilization. It has revolutionized human society by or receiving reports of battles and movements. General Eckert was president of the Western Union Tele-graph company from 1892 until five That historic first message, "What hath God wrought!" is vastly more apt years ago, when he was succeeded by the present head of that concern, Colotoday than when it was sent over the wizard wire in 1844.

Professor Morse, who gave this new wonder worker to the world, has been in the military telegraph service during lead thirty-five years, but he lived long enough to contemplate a statue of himthe civil war. He had charge of the war telegraph district including Missouri, Arkansas and Kansas. In Missouri and Arkansas there was a great deal of fierce fighting. Colonel Clowry self raised by grateful people in New York. Of the living telegraphers whose tame is wide there are General Eckert, Thomas A. Edison, Andrew Carnegie, was "on the job" early and late. A somewhat amusing story is told of his Robert C. Clowry, Albert B. Chandler, Edward Rosewater and David Homer experience in sending the first "wireless" message years before Marconi was born. Colonel Clowry was at a The fame of Edison and Carnegie. like the electric spark, has flashpoint in Missouri. Across the Mississippi was a detachment of the army ad around the world. All the others mentioned, and also Carnegie, were noted war telegraphers. Another dis-inguished telegrapher, who was born in the same year that gave birth to with which he wished to communicate. No wire reached across the stream. It was highly important that communication be established. Suddenly the teleg-General Eckert, but who died in 1885, was General Anson Stager. In Octorapher heard from across the river per, 1861, Stager was made general su- the toot of a locomotive whistle. His

in the telegraph service during the civil

S.F.B. Morse. the First Telegrapher

nel Robert C: Clowry. This noted telegrapher won his title

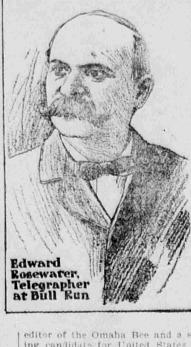
own force had a locomotive also. The resourceful commander of the squad leaped into the engine cab and began pulling the whistle cord. Toots were evoked in a most astonishing style. Long toots were followed by a series of short ones, or vice versa. The engineer and fireman feared that Clowry cab across the stream. Edison was had gone crazy. But presently from across the river came an answering and receiver in those early days. It series of similarly insane toots. The was his connection with telegraphy telegrapher with the other force had that led him into electrical study and heard the tooted dots and dashes and resulted in the various inventions of was responding. Thus the two operators carried on their toot talk at will. name is connected for all time to come. Wireless messages, altogether by ear, Thus has telegraphy vastly widened its were an accomplished feat.

accounted a marvelously rapid sender

Gen. Thomas T. telegraphers, invented many improve

Andrew Carnegie at the Key

ments in the system before he turned his attention to the electric light, the



editor of the Omaha Bee and a stand-ing candidate for United States sena-

ed that I be made one of the telegraphers in order that I might be one of the first to arrive at the Confederate capital. At Bull Run I had my instruments placed on the ground among the dead horses. There was shooting going on around me, and I could not tell whether we were whipping the Confederates or they were whipping us. General Pope was sending dispatches all day, stating that he was really being defeated."

Mr. Rosswaier tells a story of the Mr. Rosswaier tells a story of the surrous war telegraphers, perhaps more intimately than any other

and receiver in those early days. It was his connection with telegraphy that led him into electrical study and resulted in the various inventions of universal fame and use with which his name is connected for all time to come. Thus has telegraphy vastly widened its field of usefulness in lines beyond itself. Edison, like others of the noted in the various inventions of the noted in the various inventions of the noted in the various inventions of the proposition is worth millions today and will be worth more millions tomorrow.

These old time telegraphers still take delight in telling stories of their warting experiences. Edward Rosewater. Rosewater recently told the story of the proposition is worth milions today and will be worth more millions tomorrow.

These old time telegraphers still take delight in telling stories of their warting ment, among his associates being Albert B. Chandler, now president of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, and David Homer Bates, who was manager of the war department telegraph office and clopher operator and who now is publishing a series of reminiscences of Lincoln in the telegraph office, Mr. Rosewater recently told the story of ROBERTUS LOVE. were an accomplished feat.

There is also a story to the effect self. Edison, like others of the noted time experiences. Edward Rosewater, Rosewater recently told the story of

ing candidate for United States senafor, belonged to the military telegraph
corps during the war. He did all the
telegraphing for the Union army at the
second battle of Buil Run, when General Pope was so soundly thrashed by
General Lee.
"I thought our army was going to
move right on to Richmond at that
time," says Mr. Rosewater, "and I asked that I be made one of the telegraphers in order that I might be one

President Lincoln:

Mr. Rosewater tells a story of the first battle of Bull Run which shows something of the difficulties surmounted by the operators at the front. The operator, he states, was a man named Rose. "The wire was not carried to the battle of the little of the li his attention to the electric light, the phenograph and his other markels, and even now he at times enjoys clicking a telegraph key as in the old days.

All these men foresaw very early a wonderful future for telegraphy, but not all of them evinced a like enthusias as m for other electrical devices, It is a matter of record that in 1877 Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, offered General Eckert for \$30,000 the telephone rights for a radius of fifty miles around New York city.

Howeve was not carried to the battle the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought for ten miles to Fairfax Station, and then sent to Washington. On the day of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought hours, reading and sending messages of highest importance in the conduct of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought hours, reading and sending messages of highest importance in the conduct of the wire was not carried to the battle itself, but the news was brought hours, reading and sending messages of highest importance in the conduct.

Former Governor Taylor, "the Man Without a State;" Seven Years In Exile Because of the Goebel Tragedy

IVING in Indianapolis, which is not really his home, is a man whose status is even more exceptional than was that of the fictional character in the famous story of Edward Everett Hale, "The Man Without a Country." The man in Indianapolis might be called "The Man Without a State." He has a nation, he is a citizen of the United States, but he is an exile from his own state. For more than seven years this man has been in enforced exile. It is not the policy of the United States, nor of any of the commonwealths comprising the United States, to resort to exile as a form of punishment. Yet this man in Indianapolis, through a peculiar state of circumstances, is indefinitely an ex-The indications are that he will remain so to the end of his life. His case is unique. William Sylvester Taylor is the man

the only American exile. For a brief while he was governor of Kentucky, his native state, the state he loves with filial devotion. Then suddenly he crossed the border into Indiana, and from that day to this he has not set foot upon the soil of old Kentucky. Not only is he an exile, but he is con fined to the one state of Indiana, and In that sense he is a prisoner. Though his prison is vast and beautiful, its borders confine him. Should he beyond those borders in all probability he would cease to be an exile, but he would become a real prisoner at once and his jail would be a small building in a Kentucky county town, his immediate domicile a narrow cell.

Ex-Governor Taylor is under indictment for alleged complicity in the murder of William Goebel, his opponent in the race for the governorship. After the legislature had declared Goebel elected instead of Taylor, Goebel was ot down. On his deathbed, Jan. 31, shot down. On his deathbed, Jan. 1900, he was sworn in as governor, superseding Taylor. Shortly afterward the ex-governor was indicted, with several others, on accusation of being concerned in the plot to kill Goebel. Since Taylor has been in the state of Indiana, the successive governors of which have refused to honor a requi-sition from the governor of Kentucky his return to that state to stand

years has Mr. Taylor ventured outside he attended the Republican national convention at Philadelphia. His friends Philadelphia and carry him to Kentucky. By adroit maneuvering they folied the scheme. Mr. Taylor returned to Indiana, and he dares not leave that state because of the fear that the governor of a requisition from the governor of a requisition from the governor of a requisition from the governor of the requisition from the governor of the requisition from the governor but a sign at the entrance to an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor has been practicing his profession there an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor has been practicing his profession there an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor has been practicing his profession there the following newspaper dispaten dated an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor has been practicing his profession there the following newspaper dispaten dated an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor has been practicing his profession there the said that few configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration, Ky. July 14, 1839, carries a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration of the people with the business and that few configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

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There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier family in all the configuration is a pathetic interest:

There is not a happier fa discovered a plot to kidnap him in

seldom refused on a criminal indict-

four days, and those days his last on Frankfort and was with them at the from the friends of his boyhood, his I written of him when he was attorney





JAMES B. HOWARD.

MRS. TAYLOR, WHO DIED OF A BROKEN HEART.

be taken across the river

decline. There is no going behind the returns. Unless Indiana shall elect a governor who shall honor the Kentucky governor's requisition, this ex-governor eloped and was margerian to the ex-governor upon William S. Taylor in the course of human events.

"William S. Taylor, Attorney," is the wording of a sign at the entrance to an office in Indianapolis. Mr. Taylor Lexington, Ky. July 14, 1899, carries

societies, with nearly 2,000,000 mem-Fish live in the ocean at a depth of

The French unit of horsepower is one-seventh less than the English. One hundred and fifty firemen are required on some of the Atlantic liners.

dight: Miss Mabel, five.

Mrs. Taylor was Miss Sarah B. Tanner,
the daughter of a Buller county farmer
residing three miles from Morgantown.
Jeneral Taylor's parents were poor, and

large tree-a sloth can and does travel the smallest in Europe. It does not Oakland, Cal., while another is an ar- profitable occupation of another young have been originally a religious set.

EX-GOVERNOR W. S. TAYLOR.

4.292,000 miles in a lifetime of seventy

is tall, rather slim and seems to be all muscle and nerve. He rode over the mountains of the state in making his campaigns, and frequently he would mount a horse immediately after making a speech and ride thirty or forty miles to the next town, where he would address another crowd the same night. In 1899 he received a plurality of River Settlement, under which name

Goebei died of his gunshot wound

Feb. 3, 1900. The young Democrat whom the legislature declared elected lieutenant governor, John C. W. Beck-ham, only thirty-one years old, was sworn in as governor. Mr. Beckham been elected to two full terms A few Child months ago he was named at the pri- originally here. tor McCreary in 1909.

Ex-Governor Taylor, therefore, in his Indiana exile, has suffered the chagrin of seeing the boyish Beckham for

The proposal recently brought forward in the Dominion parliament to rechristen Fludson bay by the name of the Canadian sea serves to remind us how frequently in the past geographical nonconcluse has been ultered to suit national or belief.

TEMPERANCE CHIEF.

made a notably able record. It is said, however, that when he first went to Frankfort as attorney general he was one of the greenest lawyers in the business. But Taylor set himself to work, studying hard, and in time between the suppressions and all events knows that an interest in a league for the suppression of th

"He is a strict member of the Pres-byterian church, never uses liquor in Papua, and was so marked on all maps any form and smokes moderately. He any form and smokes moderately. He and charts, only to finally revert to its is tall, rather slim and seems to be all old name during the latter half of the

In 1899 he received a plurality of about 2,300 votes over Goebel on the face of the returns, but the legislature | Eritish public in 1870 in connection declared that Goebel was elected. Then came the tragedy which made Taylor an exile. James B. Howard, 7 mounworld famous-Colonel Garnet Wolse-

Brazil, where the nuts come from, was christened by its discoverer, one Vincent Pinzon, a pious Portuguese mariner, Santa Cruz (Holy Cross), its timber with which its forests abound, sworn in as governor. Mr. Beckham while along the opposite coast of has been governor ever since, having South America no single country save

INTELLIGENT BLIND HORSES.

nearly eight years in the gubernatorial chair of his native state, with a United States senatorship just ahead. Taylor, altogether eliminated for the state will sheer of when States senatorship just ahead. Tay-lor, altogether eliminated from the they come near one. It appears from sphere of politics and public life, sojourning in an alien state which is not
his home, an aging man, with no tangible prospect for the clearing away of
the clouds which have overcest his
career, presents, whatever may be the
truth as to his innocence or guilt, the
most pathetic political figure in the history of the nation.

ROBERT DONNELL.

NEW NAMES FOR OLD COUNTRIES
The proposal recently brought for-

bood. Then he taught school in the rural regions, studied law and became a country lawyer. He entered politics. His first office was that of country clerk in his native county of Butler. He became country judge. He was sent to the Republican national convention of 1888 as a delegate. Again he served as country judge. Then he was elected attorney general of his state, where he made a notably able record. It is said however, that when he first went.

ticulator of skeletons.

The turn of the dire was supposed in the harness trade in New York, and cerns in the world is in New York city.

The turn of the dire was supposed by the primitive peoples to be the tern in the world is in New York city.

The turn of the dire was supposed by the primitive peoples to be the cerns in the world is in New York city.

BRIEF MENTION.

New Zealand has seven bishops; by wreck and breaking up averages tustralia thirteen.

In three years the progeny of a pair f rats numbers 1,000.

In three years the progeny of a pair owner's weight, twenty times as strong Australia thirteen.

of rats numbers 1,000. Whistling will do much toward the as a man's arm.

The decrease to the world's shipping I nomer, for in its native habitat-a

to be buried in his native soil.

Whistling will do main physical Wedding rings were will development of a robust physical Jews and Romans at dates long prior Wedding rings were worn by both

Russia leads the world in planting to the Christian era.

The word slothful is rather a mis-

The United States has 5.840 building

18,000 feet.

exceed \$200,000 a year. It is calculated that the amount spent in advertising in Great Britain amounts to about \$450,000 every day. The blood thrown out by the heart travels seven miles in an hour, or

years. The most costiy war in the world was the American civil war. The civil list of the king of Greece is | There are two women undertakers in of Aiken, S. C. Beagle raising is the | Craps, or throwing dice, is said to farm.

Kentucky has a girl jockey.

A Louisiana woman supports herself by raising mint, and a Jersey City wo-man makes a living by painting signs.

Miss Louise Cheatam makes her living by raising and training native song block near the popular winter resort.